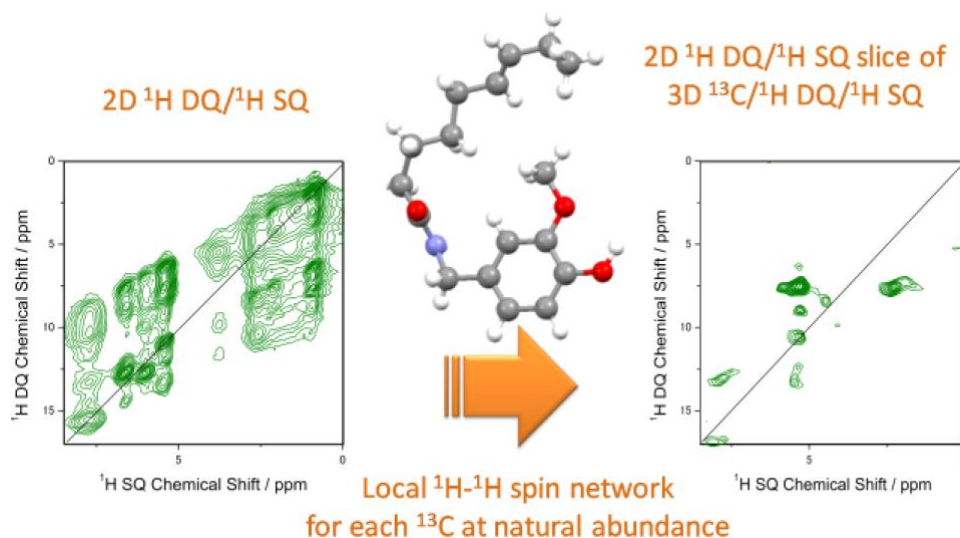


## Novel Three-Dimensional Correlation Experiments to Reveal Local Proton Networks under Fast Magic-Angle Spinning at Natural $^{13}\text{C}$ Abundance

Product used : Solid-State Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)

$^1\text{H}$  double quantum (DQ)/ $^1\text{H}$  single quantum (SQ) correlation solid-state NMR spectroscopy is widely used to obtain internuclear  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  proximities, especially at fast magic angle spinning (MAS) rate  $> 60$  kHz. However,  $^1\text{H}$  signals are not well-resolved due to intense  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  homonuclear dipolar interactions even at the attainable maximum MAS frequencies of  $\sim 100$  kHz to date. We have recently introduced novel three-dimensional (3D) experiments to resolve the  $^1\text{H}$  DQ/ $^1\text{H}$  SQ correlation peaks using the additional  $^{13}\text{C}$  dimension. Although the low natural abundance of  $^{13}\text{C}$  (1.1%) significantly reduces the sensitivities, the  $^1\text{H}$  indirect measurements alleviate this issue and make this experiment possible. The two different implementations of  $^{13}\text{C}/^1\text{H}$  DQ/ $^1\text{H}$  SQ correlations and  $^1\text{H}$  DQ/ $^{13}\text{C}/^1\text{H}$  SQ correlations have been discussed and demonstrated using L-histidine.HCl.H<sub>2</sub>O at natural abundance to reveal the local  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  networks nearby each  $^{13}\text{C}$ . In addition, the complete  $^1\text{H}$  resonance assignments have been achieved from a single 3D  $^{13}\text{C}/^1\text{H}$  DQ/ $^1\text{H}$  SQ experiment. We have also demonstrated the applicability of our proposed method on a biologically relevant molecule capsaicin.



The 2D  $^1\text{H}$  DQ/ $^1\text{H}$  SQ spectrum of capsaicin (left) is too complex due to signal overlaps. On the other hand, the  $^{13}\text{C}$ -filtered spectrum (right) yields well-resolved peaks and thus signal assignment is possible. Both spectra were recorded at 70 kHz MAS. Please refer to the original paper for more detail.

**Reference:** M. Malon, M.K. Pandey and Y. Nishiyama, *J. Phys. Chem. B*, 2017, 121, 8123-8131.

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